AUDIT REPORT OF MONROE COUNTY, WEST VIRGINIA FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

AUDIT REPORT OF MONROE COUNTY, WEST VIRGINIA FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

This audit has been conducted pursuant to the authority and duty of the State Auditor as Chief Inspector and Supervisor of Public Offices to conduct an annual inspection of all political subdivisions of the State of West Virginia and any agency created by these subdivisions. This power is granted by West Virginia Code §6-9-1 et seq.

MONROE COUNTY, WEST VIRGINIA SCHEDULE OF FUNDS INCLUDED IN REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES

MAJOR FUNDS

General
Coal Severance Tax
Emergency 911
Ambulance Fee
Fire Levy

NONMAJOR FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds

General School
Magistrate Court
Home Confinement
Monroe Tourism
Confederate Monument
K-9
Concealed Weapons
Assessor's Valuation
Voters Registration
Office of Emergency Management

MONROE COUNTY, WEST VIRGINIA SCHEDULE OF FUNDS INCLUDED IN REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

FIDUCIARY FUND TYPE

Agency Funds

State School Municipal Other Agency

DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS

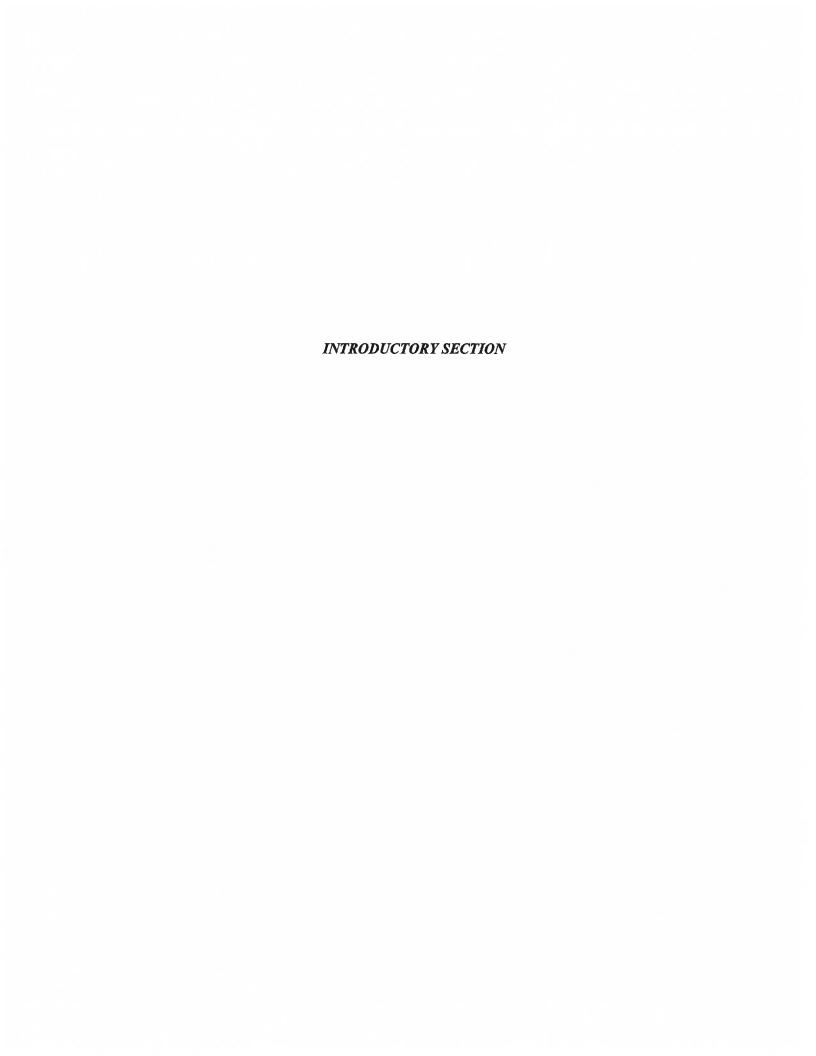
Monroe County Farmland Protection Board
Monroe County Building Commission
Monroe County Board of Health
Monroe County Health Center
Monroe County Public Library

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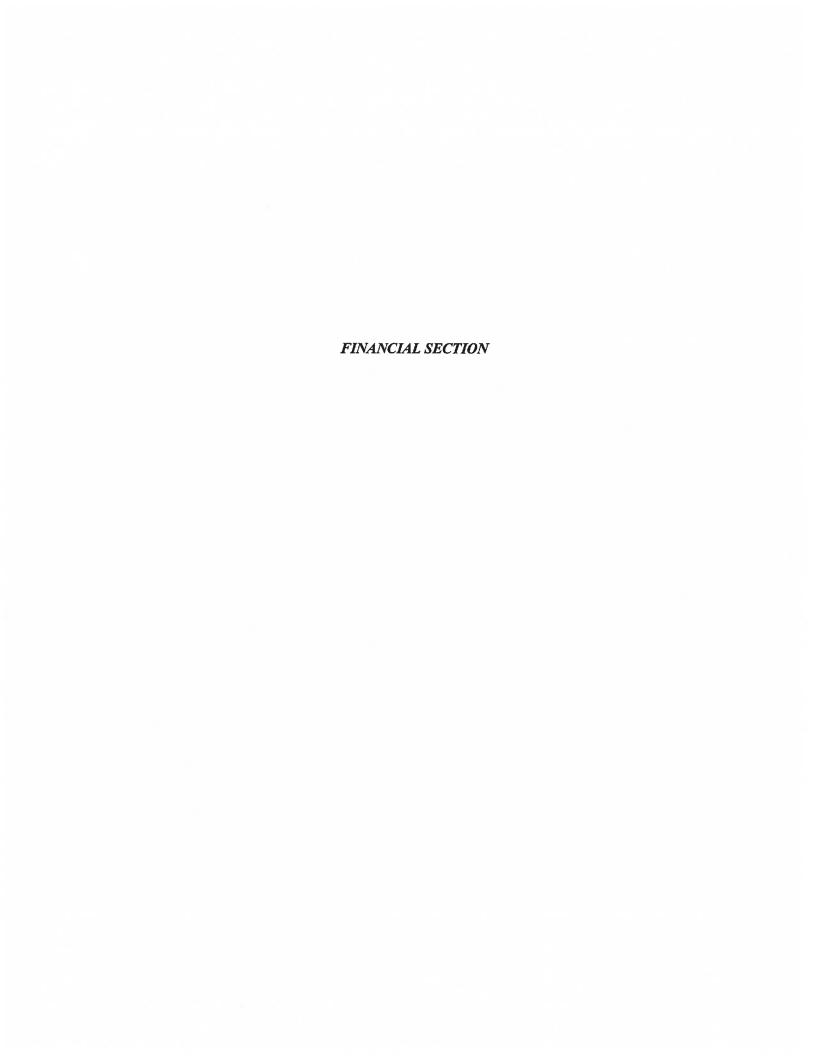
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MONROE COUNTY, WEST VIRGINIA COUNTY OFFICIALS

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

| OFFICE | NAME | TERM |
|---------------------------------|--|---|
| | Elective | |
| County Commission: | Michael Shane Ashley William "Bill" Miller Kevin Galford | 01-01-13 / 12-31-18 01-01-15 / 12-31-20 01-01-17 / 12-31-22 |
| Clerk of the County Commission: | Donnie Evans | 01-01-17 / 12-31-22 |
| Clerk of the Circuit Court: | Leta Comer | 01-01-17 / 12-31-22 |
| Sheriff: | Sean Crosier Kenneth Hedrick | 01-01-17 / 09-30-17 10-01-17 / 12-31-18 |
| Prosecuting Attorney: | Justin R. St. Clair | 01-01-17 / 12-31-20 |
| Assessor: | Norbert A. Netzel | 01-01-17 / 12-31-20 |





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State Auditor and
Chief Inspector

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Members of the Monroe County Commission Union, West Virginia 24983

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Monroe County, West Virginia (the County), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the Monroe County Board of Health, the Monroe County Health Center, or the Monroe County Public Library, which represent 69 percent, 61 percent and 96 percent, respectively, of the assets, net position and revenues of the aggregate discretely presented component units. Those statements were audited by other auditors whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the Monroe County Board of Health, the Monroe County Health Center, and the Monroe County Public Library, is based solely on the report of the other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

Honorable Members of the Monroe County Commission Page 2

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our qualified audit opinions.

Basis for Qualified Opinion

Management has not adopted a methodology for ensuring all revenues, receivables, expenditures, and accounts payable, are properly recorded for the General Fund, and governmental activities. Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the General fund financial statements be reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting, and the governmental activities financial statements be reported on the accrual basis of accounting, which would impact the assets, revenues, liabilities, expenditures/expenses, and fund balance/net position of the General Fund and governmental activities. The amount by which this departure would affect the assets, revenues, liabilities, expenditures, expenses, and fund balance/net position of the General Fund and Governmental Activities is not reasonably determinable.

Management did not account for the County's postemployment benefits in accordance with the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement Number 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other than Pensions. Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require the deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and expenses related to other postemployment benefits be recognized during the period in which the liability is incurred, thereby increasing the deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and expenses and reducing the net position of the governmental activities. The amount by which this departure would affect the deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net position of the governmental activities is not reasonably determinable.

Additionally, there was no response from the Municipality's legal counsel regarding any pending litigation.

Qualified Opinion

In our opinion, based on our report and the report of other auditors, except for the possible effects of the matters described in the "Basis for Qualified Opinion" paragraphs, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the governmental activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Monroe County, West Virginia, as of June 30, 2018, and the changes in financial position thereof and the respective budgetary comparisons for the General Fund and Coal Severance Tax Special Revenue Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Honorable Members of the Monroe County Commission Page 3

Emphasis of a Matter

As discussed Note I.D.10, the County partially implemented the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement Number 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

As discussed in Note III-I, the prior year financial statements have been restated due to the partial implementation of the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement Number 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Schedules of the Government's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability and the Schedules of Government Contributions on pages 40-43 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

The County has omitted the management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Honorable Members of the Monroe County Commission Page 4

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements. The budgetary comparison for the Assessor's Valuation Fund, the discretely presented component unit fund financial statements for the Monroe County Farmland Protection Board, and the Monroe County Building Commission and the introductory section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The budgetary comparison for the Assessor's Valuation Fund and the discretely presented component unit fund financial statements for the Monroe County Farmland Protection Board, and the Monroe County Building Commission are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, except for the possible effect on the supplementary information of the matters described in the "Basis for Qualified Opinion" paragraphs, the budgetary comparison for the Assessor's Valuation Fund, and the discretely presented component unit fund financial statements for the Monroe County Farmland Protection Board, and the Monroe County Building Commission are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory section listed in the table of contents has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated February 19, 2020, on our consideration of the County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Respectfully submitted,

John B. McCuskey

West Virginia State Auditor

Charleston, West Virginia

MONROE COUNTY, WEST VIRGINIA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2018

| | Primary Government | | Cor | nponent Units | | |
|---|-------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------|--------------------|------------------|-------------------|
| | Governmental Activities | Farmland Protection Board | Building Commission | Board of Health | Health Center | Public Library |
| ASSETS | | | | | | |
| Current assets: | | | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ 1,428,275 \$ | 223,498 \$ | \$ | 510,075 | | 51,994 |
| Investments | | | | | 253,219 | 31,922 |
| Receivables: | | | | | | |
| Taxes | 154,212 | | | | | |
| Accounts | • • | | | | 544,733 | |
| Grants | | | | | 27,277 | |
| Inventory, at cost | | | | | 36,000 | |
| Prepaid expenses | | | | | 68,923 | |
| Noncurrent assets: | | | | | | |
| Capital assets: | | | | | | |
| Nondepreciable: | | | | | | |
| Land | 31,400 | | | | | 6,780 |
| Intangibles: | | | | | | |
| Land Easements | | 2,488,795 | | | | |
| Goodwill | | | | | 111,317 | |
| Depreciable: | | | | | | |
| Buildings | 140,000 | | 1,330,236 | | | 364,942 |
| Structures and improvements | 162,854 | • • | | | | |
| Machinery and equipment | 1,588,579 | | | | 1,801,376 | 114,384 |
| Leasehold improvements | | | | | 1,833,447 | |
| Less: accumulated depreciation | (1,464,358) | | (487,821) | | (2,902,986) | (384,030) |
| Total assets | 2,040,962 | 2,712,293 | 842,415 | 510,075 | 6,523,906 | 185,992 |
| DEFERRED OUTFLOWS | | | | | | |
| Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and | | | | | | |
| proportionate share of contributions Employer contributions subsequent to | 41,134 | •• | | | 264,667 | 34 |
| measurement period Difference between expected and actual | 157,288 | | | | 480,893 | 3,072 |
| experience | 39,695 | | | | 100,585 | 716 |
| Total deferred outflows of resources | 238,117 | | | | 846,145 | 3,822 |

MONROE COUNTY, WEST VIRGINIA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2018

| | | Primary Government | - | | Component Units | | | | | | | | |
|---|-----|---------------------------|------------------------------|-----------|------------------------|------------|--------------------|---------|------------------|-------------------|---------|--|--|
| | | Governmenta Activities | Farmland Protection Board | 3. | Building Commission | | Board of Health | | Health Center | Public Library | | | |
| LIABILITIES | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Current liabilities payable | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| from current assets: | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Accounts payable | \$ | | \$ | | \$ | | \$ | | \$ | 117,630 \$ | 989 | | |
| Refunds payable | | | | | | | | | | 157,780 | 4,282 | | |
| Compensated absences payable | | | | | | | | | | | 14,213 | | |
| Noncurrent liabilities: | | | | | | | | | | | , | | |
| Notes payable - due within one year | | | | | | 10,840 | | | | | | | |
| Notes payable - due in more than one year | | | | | | 143,961 | | | | | | | |
| Leases payable - due within one year | | 4,172 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Leases payable - due in more than one year | | 411 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Net pension liability | | 349,415 | | | | | | | | 1,130,271 | 8,049 | | |
| Net OPEB liability | | | | | | | | | | 631,106 | •• | | |
| Compensated absences payable | - | 49,344 | | | - | | _ | | - 0= | 257,286 | | | |
| Total liabilities | _ | 403,342 | | | | 154,801 | _ | | - 0- | 2,294,073 | 27,533 | | |
| DEFERRED INFLOWS | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Net difference between projected and actual | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| investment earnings on plan investments | | 105,156 | | | | | | | | 284,861 | 1,957 | | |
| Changes in proportion and differences | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| between employer contributions and | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| proportionate share of contributions | | 11,833 | | | | | | | | 59,431 | 1,057 | | |
| Deferred difference in assumptions | | 35,138 | | | | | | | | 58,626 | 417 | | |
| Difference between expected and actual | | 55,150 | | | | | | | | 36,020 | 417 | | |
| experience | | 59,753 | | | | | | | | 4,614 | 18 | | |
| Total deferred inflows of resources | | 211,880 | | | | | | • • | _ | 407,532 | 3,449 | | |
| NUTT POCKTYON | | | | , | | | | | _ | | | | |
| NET POSITION | | 460 000 | | 2 400 705 | | COM (1.1 | | | | 040 45: | | | |
| Net investment in capital assets | | 453,892 | | 2,488,795 | | 687,614 | | | | 843,154 | 102,076 | | |
| Unrestricted | - | 1,209,965 | | 223,498 | - | | _ | 510,075 | | 3,825,292 | 56,756 | | |
| Total net position | \$_ | 1,663,857 | \$ | 2,712,293 | 3_ | 687,614 \$ | 3 | 510,075 | \$ | 4,668,446 \$ | 158,832 | | |

MONROE COUNTY, WEST VIRGINIA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

| | | • | | tie riscal real E | roi ule ristat i car Educa June 30, 2018 | | Net (Expense) Revenues and | evenues and | | |
|--|---|------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|--|------------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------|------------------|-------------------|
| | | 1 | Program Kevenues | | 70 | | Changes in Net Position | t Position | | |
| | | Charges | Operating | Capital | Primary Government | | | Component Units | | |
| | Expenses | for Services | Grants and Contributions | Grants and Contributions | Governmental Activities | Farmland Protection Board | Building Commission | Board of Health | Health Center | Public Library |
| Functions / Programs Primary government: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Governmental activities: General covernment | \$ 209 886 6 \$ | 76 136 6 | 6 | | | | | | | |
| Dublic cafety | 1,568,007 | | | - | (2,312,4/1) | | | | | |
| Health and conitation | 1,364,130 | 616,000 | 98,154 | ; | (779,063) | | | | | |
| Administration and account | 504,113 | | : | | (264,113) | | | | | |
| Administrative and general | 1 1 | 53,741 | : | : | 53,741 | | | | | |
| Curine and recreation | 4,855 | ; | 1 | : | (4,855) | | | | | |
| Social services | 14,400 | | | : | (14,400) | | | | | |
| Total | *** >*** | | | | | | | | | |
| total governmental activities | 4,230,111 | 816,796 | 98,154 | : | (3,321,161) | | | | | |
| Component units: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Farmland Protection Board | 22,706 | : | ; | 260,417 | ; | \$ 237,711 \$ | 69 ! | : | | |
| Building Commission | 36,134 | 16,800 | 1 | : | 1 | | _ | 1 | | 6 |
| Board of Health | 186,176 | 27,076 | 161,722 | ; | : | ; | ` : | 2,622 | : | |
| Health Center | 6,796,958 | 4,729,269 | 2,422,538 | ; | ; | ; | 1 | . : | 354.849 | 1 |
| Public Library | 111,618 | 12,447 | 63,966 | : | : | | : | | | (35,205) |
| Total comnonent units | \$ 7153 500 \$ | A 785 507 A | 3 640 272 6 | 250 417 | | | | | | |
| | 760,001,1 | 760,001,4 | 2,040,220 | 714,007 | : [| 237,711 | (19,334) | 2,622 | 354,849 | (35,205) |
| | General revenues: | | | | | | | | | |
| | Ad valorem property taxes | ty taxes | | 69 | 2,527 | | : | | • | 1 |
| | Hotel occupancy tax | × | | | 843 | : | ; | : | : | ; |
| | Animal tax | | | | 4,038 | 1 | : | ; | ; | 2 |
| | Gas and oil severance tax | ice tax | | | 24,578 | ; | : | | : | ((*) |
| | Cool concerns | | | | 553,761 | 62,369 | 1 1 | : | ; | ; |
| | Lionese and normity | | | | 32,730 | : | 1 | ; | ; | 1 |
| | Treesists and permit | 2 | | | 36,445 | 1 | : | : | : | • |
| | Ouresurcted investment earnings Definds | nem earnings | | | 3,509 | 199 | : | 522 | 7,722 | 31 |
| | Contributions from other metrics | other profess | | | 101,048 | ; | : | ; | ; | ; |
| | Counting of conital access | ourer enumes | | | 2,833 | ; | : | : | 67,064 | 16,794 |
| | Missellenesse | idi dascis | | | 4,113 | ; | : | : | : | ; |
| | INTRACEIRATICOUS | | | | 199,011 | | | : | 12,408 | 16,035 |
| | Total general revenues | ies | | | 3,490,382 | 65,568 | : | 522 | 87,194 | 32,860 |
| | Change in net position | ítion | | | 169,221 | 303,279 | (19,334) | 3,144 | 442,043 | (2,345) |
| | Net position - beginning, restated (Note III.I) | ng, restated (Note III | (1) | | 1,494,636 | 2,409,014 | 706,948 | 506,931 | 4,226,403 | 161,177 |
| | Net position - ending | | | <i>¥</i> | | | | | | |
| | 0 | | | 9 | 1,00,00,1 | 2,712,293 | 087,614 | \$10,075 \$ | 4,668,446 \$ | 158,832 |

MONROE COUNTY, WEST VIRGINIA BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2018

| | - | General Fund | Coal Severance | Emergency 911 | Ambulance Fee | Fire Levy | Other Nonmajor Governmental Funds | Total Governmental Funds |
|---|-----|-----------------|-------------------|------------------|-------------------|--------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS | | | | | | | | |
| Assets: | | | | | | | | |
| Current: | | | | | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ | 15,460 \$ | 62,216 \$ | 893,507 | \$ 170,466 \$ | 79,738 | \$ 206,888 \$ | 1,428,275 |
| Receivables: | | | | | | | | |
| Taxes | 54 | 135,220 | | | | 18,992 | - | 154,212 |
| Total assets | \$_ | 150,680 \$ | 62,216 \$ | 893,507 | 170,466 \$ | 98,730 | \$ 206,888 \$ | 1,582,487 |
| Deferred Inflows: | | | | | | | | |
| Unavailable revenue - taxes | - | 84,896 | | | | 11,793 | | 96,689 |
| Total deferred inflows of resources | | 84,896 | | | | 11,793 | | 96,689 |
| Fund balances: | | | | | | | | |
| Restricted | | | | 893,507 | 170,466 | 86,937 | 206,888 | 1,357,798 |
| Assigned | | | 62,216 | | | | | 62,216 |
| Unassigned | 7 | 65,784 | | | | | | 65,784 |
| Total fund balances | 15 | 65,784 | 62,216 | 893,507 | 170,466 | 86,937 | 206,888 | 1,485,798 |
| Total liabilities, deferred inflows and fund balances | \$_ | 150,680 \$ | 62,216 \$ | 893,507 | <u>170,466</u> \$ | 98,730 | \$206,888_\$ | 1,582,487 |

MONROE COUNTY, WEST VIRGINIA RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2018

| Total fund balances on the governmental fund's balance sheet | \$ | 1,485,798 |
|---|-----------|------------|
| Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are because: | different | |
| Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and are there reported in the funds. (Note III.C) | efore not | 458,475 |
| Certain revenues are not available to fund current year expenditures and therefore are in the funds. (Note III.B) | deferred | 96,689 |
| Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore reported in the funds. (Note III.H) | are not | (403,342) |
| Deferred inflows and outflows related to pension activity are not required to be rep the funds but are required to be reported at the government-wide level: | orted in | |
| Deferred outflow (inflow) - Changes in employer portion and differences contributions and proportionate share of contributions. (Note V) | between | 29,301 |
| Deferred outflow (inflow) - Employer contributions after measurement date. (Note V) | | 157,288 |
| Deferred outflow (inflow) - Differences between projected and actual investment e (Note V) | arnings. | (105,156) |
| Deferred outflow (inflow) - Differences between expected and actual experience. (Not | e V) | (20,058) |
| Deferred outflow (inflow) - Difference in assumptions. (Note V) | | (35,138) |
| Net position of governmental activities | \$ = | 1,663,857 |

MONROE COUNTY, WEST VIRGINIA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES -GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

| | General Fund | Coal Severance | Emergency 911 | Ambulance Fee | FireLevy | Other Nonmajor Governmental Funds | Total Governmental Funds |
|---|-----------------|-------------------|------------------|------------------|--------------|---|--------------------------|
| REVENUES | | | | | | | |
| Taxes: | | | | | | | |
| Ad valorem property taxes | \$ 2,287,869 \$ | 5 | S \$ | | \$ 210,925 5 | s \$ | 2,498,794 |
| Hotel occupancy tax | 843 | | ν ψ | , | J 210,925 | р э | 2,498,794 843 |
| Animal tax | 4,038 | | | | | | 4,038 |
| Gas and oil severance tax | 24,578 | | | | | | 24,578 |
| Other taxes | 37,732 | | | 423,256 | | 92,773 | - |
| Coal severance tax | | 32,730 | | | | 92,773 | 553,761 32,730 |
| Licenses and permits | | | | | | 36,445 | 36,445 |
| Intergovernmental: | | | | | | 30,443 | 30,443 |
| State | 97,149 | | | | | 1,005 | 98,154 |
| Charges for services | 93,089 | | 677,651 | | | 23,724 | • |
| Fines and forfeits | 18,310 | | | | | 4,022 | 794,464 22,332 |
| Interest and investment earnings | 1,729 | 40 | 1,688 | | | 52 | 3,509 |
| Refunds | 101,048 | | 1,000 | | | 32 | |
| Contributions and donations | 2,833 | | | | | | 101,048 |
| Miscellaneous | 199,011 | | | | | | 2,833 |
| Tribottanooub | 155,011 | | | | | | 199,011 |
| Total revenues | 2,868,229 | 32,770 | 679,339 | 423,256 | 210,925 | 158,021 | 4,372,540 |
| EXPENDITURES Current: | | | | | | | |
| General government | 2,321,911 | 32,911 | | | | 83,352 | 2,438,174 |
| Public safety | 936,849 | | 322,035 | | 257,706 | 45,296 | 1,561,886 |
| Health and sanitation | 784 | | | 252,790 | | | 253,574 |
| Culture and recreation | 4,855 | | | | | | 4,855 |
| Social services | 14,400 | | , | | | | 14,400 |
| Total expenditures | 3,278,799 | 32,911 | 322,035 | 252,790 | 257,706 | 128,648 | 4,272,889 |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenues | (410.550) | (141) | 255 224 | 150.466 | (45 =04) | | |
| over expenditures | (410,570) | (141) | 357,304 | 170,466 | (46,781) | 29,373 | 99,651 |
| OTHER WALLNOW, COURCES (| IOPO | | | | | | |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (U | • | | | | | | |
| Transfers in | 286,910 | | (0(1,000) | | | (** 500) | 286,910 |
| Transfers (out) | | | (261,222) | | | (25,688) | (286,910) |
| Proceeds from the sale of assets | 8,000 | | | | | - | 8,000 |
| Total other financias | | | | | | | |
| Total other financing | 204.010 | | (2(1,222) | | | (05.600) | |
| sources (uses) | 294,910 | | (261,222) | | | (25,688) | 8,000 |
| Net change in fund balances | (115,660) | (141) | 96,082 | 170,466 | (46,781) | 3,685 | 107,651 |
| Found halaness, has less less | | | | | | | |
| Fund balances - beginning, restated (Note III.I.) | 181,444 | 62,357 | 797,425 | | 133,718 | 203,203 | 1,378,147 |
| Fund balances - ending | \$65,784_\$_ | 62,216 \$ | 893,507 \$ | 170,466 \$ | 86,937 \$ | 206,888 \$ | 1,485,798 |

MONROE COUNTY, WEST VIRGINIA RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

| Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds | \$ | 107,651 |
|--|----|-----------|
| Capital outlays are reported as an expenditure in the governmental funds but are considered an asset at the government-wide level. This is the amount of capital assets that were purchased during the fiscal year. (Note III.C) | | 59,905 |
| Capital outlays are reported as an expenditure in the governmental funds. In the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount of depreciation expense charged during the year. (Note III.C). | | (77,996) |
| The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e., sales, trade-ins, and donations) is to decrease net position. (Note III.C) | | (3,887) |
| Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. This is the difference between prior and current year unavailable revenues. (Note III.B) Prior year unavailable revenues: Current year unavailable revenues: 96,689 | | 28,679 |
| The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items. (Note III.H) | | 3,485 |
| Certain pension expenses in the statement of activities are recognized on the accrual basis of accounting. | | |
| Amount of pension expenditures at fund level. (Note V) PERS: 115,323 DSRS: 41,965 | | 157,288 |
| Amount of pension expenses recognized at government-wide level. (Note V) PERS: (81,298) DSRS: (17,831) | | (99,129) |
| Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. (Note III.H) | _ | (6,775) |
| Change in net position of governmental activities | §_ | 169,221 |

MONROE COUNTY, WEST VIRGINIA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

| | | Budgete | d A | mounts | | Modified Budget E | | Actual Amount | s | Variance with Final Budget | |
|------------------------------------|-----|------------|-----|------------|------------|-------------------|-----|---------------|-----------------|-------------------------------|------------------------|
| | | Original | | Final | | Accrual Basis | | | Budget Basis | | Positive (Negative) |
| REVENUES | - | | ÷ | | • | 110010011 | | | 254510 | - 1 | (Hoganivo) |
| Taxes: | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Ad valorem property taxes | \$ | 1,769,844 | \$ | 1,769,844 | \$ | 2,287,869 | \$ | (114,437) 5 | 2,173,432 | \$ | 403,588 |
| Alcoholic beverages tax | | 1,000 | | 1,000 | | | | | | | (1,000) |
| Hotel occupancy tax | | 1,000 | | 1,000 | | 843 | | | 843 | | (157) |
| Animal tax | | 5,000 | | 5,000 | | 4,038 | | | 4,038 | | (962) |
| Gas and oil severance tax | | 30,000 | | 30,000 | | 24,578 | | | 24,578 | | (5,422) |
| Other taxes | | 45,000 | | 45,000 | | 37,732 | | | 37,732 | | (7,268) |
| Intergovernmental: | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Federal | | 54,000 | | 54,000 | | | | | | | (54,000) |
| State | | 35,000 | | 35,000 | | 97,149 | | | 97,149 | | 62,149 |
| Charges for services | | 161,900 | | 161,900 | | 86,792 | | | 86,792 | | (75,108) |
| Fines and forfeits | | 40,000 | | 40,000 | | 18,310 | | | 18,310 | | (21,690) |
| Interest and investment earnings | | 1,500 | | 1,500 | | 1,729 | | | 1,729 | | 229 |
| Refunds | | 165,954 | | 165,954 | | 101,048 | | | 101,048 | | (64,906) |
| Contributions and donations | | 78,700 | | 78,700 | | 2,833 | | | 2,833 | | (75,867) |
| Miscellaneous | - | 157,000 | | 157,000 | 0 | 205,308 | - | | 205,308 | - | 48,308 |
| Total revenues | _ | 2,545,898 | | 2,545,898 | - | 2,868,229 | - | (114,437) | 2,753,792 | | 207,894 |
| EXPENDITURES | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Current: | | | | | | | | | | | |
| General government | | 1,818,569 | | 1,818,569 | | 2,321,911 | | | 2,321,911 | | (503,342) |
| Public safety | | 1,157,908 | | 1,157,908 | | 936,849 | | | 936,849 | | 221,059 |
| Health and sanitation | | 3,500 | | 3,500 | | 784 | | | 784 | | 2,716 |
| Culture and recreation | | 6,000 | | 6,000 | | 4,855 | | | 4,855 | | 1,145 |
| Social services | - | 19,200 | - | 19,200 | · . | 14,400 | - | | 14,400 | | 4,800 |
| Total expenditures | _ | 3,005,177 | | 3,005,177 | , <u>.</u> | 3,278,799 | - | | 3,278,799 | = | (273,622) |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenues | | | | | | | | | | | |
| over expenditures | _ | (459,279) | _ | (459,279) | - | (410,570) | - | (114,437) | (525,007) | = | (65,728) |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Transfers in | | 459,279 | | 459,279 | | 286,910 | | | 286,910 | | (172,369) |
| Proceeds from the sale of assets | - | | - | | - | 8,000 | _ | | 8,000 | _ | 8,000 |
| Total other financing | | | | | | | | | | | |
| sources (uses) | | 459,279 | _ | 459,279 | _ | 294,910 | _ | | 294,910 | | (164,369) |
| Net change in fund balance | | | | | | (115,660) | | (114,437) | (230,097) | | (230,097) |
| Fund balance - beginning, restated | | | | | | | | | | | |
| (Note III.I.) | | | | | - | 181,444 | - | 64,113 | 245,557 | - | 245,557 |
| Fund balance - ending | \$_ | | _ | | \$ _ | 65,784 | \$_ | (50,324) \$ | 15,460 | - | 15,460 |

MONROE COUNTY, WEST VIRGINIA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - COAL SEVERANCE TAX FUND For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

| | 1,- | Budgete | ed A | Amounts | Actual Amounts | Variance with Final Budget |
|----------------------------------|-----|----------|------|---------|----------------|----------------------------|
| | | Original | | Final | Budget Basis | Positive (Negative) |
| REVENUES Taxes: | | | | | | |
| Coal severance tax | \$ | 28,800 | \$ | 28,800 | \$ 32,730 \$ | 3,930 |
| Interest and investment earnings | - | 100 | | 100 | 40 | (60) |
| Total revenues | | 28,900 | | 28,900 | 32,770 | 3,870 |
| EXPENDITURES | | | | | | |
| Current: | | | | | | |
| General government | - | 28,900 | | 28,900 | 32,911 | (4,011) |
| Total expenditures | _ | 28,900 | - | 28,900 | 32,911 | (4,011) |
| Net change in fund balance | | | | | (141) | (141) |
| Fund balance - beginning | _ | | - | | 62,357 | 62,357 |
| Fund balance - ending | \$_ | | \$_ | | \$62,216\$ | 62,216 |

MONROE COUNTY, WEST VIRGINIA STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS June 30, 2018

| ASSETS | Agency Funds |
|---------------------------|--------------|
| Non-pooled cash | \$589,160 |
| Total cash | 589,160 |
| Receivables: Taxes | 365,343 |
| Total receivables | 365,343 |
| Total assets | \$954,503 |
| LIABILITIES | |
| Due to: other governments | 954,503 |
| Total liabilities | \$954,503 |

MONROE COUNTY, WEST VIRGINIA NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Except as noted, the accounting policies of Monroe County, West Virginia (the County), conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governmental units. The following is a summary of significant accounting policies:

A. Reporting Entity

Monroe County is one of fifty-five counties established under the Constitution and the Laws of the State of West Virginia. There are six offices elected county-wide, which are: County Commission, County Clerk, Circuit Clerk, Assessor, Sheriff, and Prosecuting Attorney.

The County Commission is the legislative body for the government, and as such budgets and provides all the funding used by the separate Constitutional Offices except for the offices of the Assessor and the Sheriff, which also have additional revenue sources. The County Clerk's office maintains the accounting system for the County's operations. The operations of the County as a whole, however, including all the Constitutional offices, have been combined in these financial statements.

The services provided by the government and accounted for within these financial statements include law enforcement for unincorporated areas of the County, health and social services, cultural and recreational programs, and other governmental services.

The accompanying financial statements present the government and its component units as required by generally accepted accounting principles. In determining whether to include a governmental department, agency, commission or organization as a component unit, the government must evaluate each entity as to whether they are legally separate and financially accountable based on the criteria set forth by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). Legal separateness is evaluated on the basis of: (1) its corporate name, (2) the right to sue and be sued, and (3) the right to buy, sell or lease and mortgage property. Financial accountability is based on: (1) the appointment of the governing authority, and (2) the ability to impose will, or (3) the providing of specific financial benefit or imposition of specific financial burden. Another factor to consider in this evaluation is whether an entity is fiscally dependent on the County.

Discretely Presented Component Units

Discretely presented component units are entities which are legally separate from the County, but are financially accountable to the County, or whose relationship with the County is such that exclusion would cause the County's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. Because of the nature of services they provide and the County's ability to impose its will on them or a financial benefit/burden relationship exists, the following component units are discretely presented in accordance with GASB Statement No. 14 (as amended by GASB Statement No. 39 and GASB Statement No. 61). The discretely presented component units are presented on the government-wide statements.

MONROE COUNTY, WEST VIRGINIA NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

The Monroe County Board of Health serves citizens of Monroe County and is governed by a five-member board appointed by the County Commission. The Board of Health is responsible for directing, supervising and carrying out matters related to public health of the County. West Virginia statute dictates the County is legally obligated to provide financial support to the board.

The Monroe County Farmland Protection Board serves Monroe County, West Virginia, and is governed by a board comprised of seven members appointed by the County Commission. The Monroe County Farmland Protection Board protects property on behalf of the County.

The *Monroe County Health Center* serves all citizens of Monroe County and is governed by a thirteenmember board appointed by the County Commission. The Monroe County Health Center provides citizens acute short term care.

The Monroe County Public Library serves all citizens of Monroe County and is governed by a five member board appointed by the County Commission. The County provides financial support to the library annually.

The Monroe County Building Commission serves Monroe County, West Virginia, and is governed by a board comprised of 3 members appointed by the County Commission for a term of 3 years each. The Building Commission acquires property and debt on behalf of the County and also provides services to external parties.

Complete financial statements for each of the individual component units can be obtained at the entity's administrative offices.

Joint Ventures

The County has entered into an agreement with Summers County to operate the Monroe-Summers Day Report Center. The County is required to fund the Day Report Center based on the number of its citizens participating in the program.

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of changes in net position) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities are normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues. The primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

MONROE COUNTY, WEST VIRGINIA NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues. Interest on general long-term debt liabilities is considered an indirect expense and is reported in the Statement of Activities as a separate line.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied and collectible. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collectible within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, interest and special assessments are susceptible to accrual. Other receipts and taxes become measurable and available when cash is received by the government and are recognized as revenue at that time.

Entitlements and shared revenues are recorded at the time of receipt or earlier if the susceptible to accrual criteria are met. Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other grant requirements have been met.

The government reports the following major governmental funds:

The General fund is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial sources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

MONROE COUNTY, WEST VIRGINIA NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

The Coal Severance Tax fund, a special revenue fund, accounts for revenues and expenditures from a severance tax placed on coal that is distributed to West Virginia counties. The State Auditor's Office requires an annual budget be submitted for approval for this fund.

The Emergency 911 fund, a special revenue fund, accounts for the emergency dispatch system in the County.

The Ambulance Fee fund, a special revenue service fund, accounts for revenues and expenditures from an Ambulance Fee Ordinance that went into effect July 1, 2017.

The Fire Levy fund, a special revenue fund, accounts for revenues and expenditure from a fire levy passed by the County.

Additionally, the government reports the following fund types:

The agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not present results of operations or have a measurement focus. Agency funds are accounted for using the full accrual basis of accounting. These funds are used to account for assets that Monroe County, West Virginia holds for others in an agency capacity.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

Amounts reported as program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the government's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

D. Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Net Position

1. Deposits and Investments

Monroe County, West Virginia's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of less than three months from the date of acquisition.

MONROE COUNTY, WEST VIRGINIA NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

2. Receivables and Payables

Interfund Transactions

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "interfund receivables or payables" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balance outstanding between the governmental activities and the business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

Property Tax Receivable

The property tax receivable allowance is equal to 10 percent of the property taxes outstanding at June 30, 2018.

All current taxes assessed on real and personal property may be paid in two installments; the first installment is payable on September first of the year for which the assessment is made, and becomes delinquent on October first; the second installment is payable on the first day the following March and becomes delinquent on April first. Taxes paid on or before the date when they are payable, including both first and second installments, are subject to a discount of two and one-half percent. If the taxes are not paid on or before the date in which they become delinquent, including both first and second installments, interest at the rate of nine percent per annum is added from the date they become delinquent until the date they are paid. Taxes paid on or before the due date are allowed a two and one half percent discount. A tax lien is issued for all unpaid real estate taxes as of the date of the sheriff's sale and these liens are sold between October 14th and November 23rd of each year. Sixty days of estimated property tax collections are recorded in revenues at the end of each fiscal year.

All counties within the State are authorized to levy taxes not in excess of the following maximum levies per \$100 of assessed valuation: On Class I property, fourteen and three-tenths cents (14.30 cents); On Class II property, twenty-eight and six-tenths cents (28.60 cents); On Class III property, fifty-seven and two-tenths cents (57.20 cents); On Class IV property, fifty-seven and two-tenths cents (57.20 cents). In addition, counties may provide for an election to lay an excess levy; the rates not to exceed statutory limitations, provided at least sixty percent of the voters cast ballots in favor of the excess levy.

MONROE COUNTY, WEST VIRGINIA NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

The rates levied by the County per \$100 of assessed valuation for each class of property for the fiscal year ended June 30 were as follows:

| | Assessed | | | |
|-----------|---------------|-------------|-------------|------------|
| Class of | Valuation For | Current | | |
| Property | Tax Purposes | Expense | School Levy | Fire Levy |
| Class I | \$ | 14.27 cents | 17.21 cents | 2.04 cents |
| Class II | 317,068,492 | 28.54 cents | 34.42 cents | 4.08 cents |
| Class III | 140,085,642 | 57.08 cents | 68.84 cents | 8.16 cents |
| Class IV | 19,682,538 | 57.08 cents | 68.84 cents | 8.16 cents |

Monroe County, West Virginia held a special election on November 4, 2014. The County was authorized to lay an excess levy to provide approximately \$1,859,904 annually during the five fiscal years ended June 30, 2016 through June 30, 2020, for the purpose of maintaining and improving the instructional programs and the operation of school services in Monroe County.

Monroe County, West Virginia held a special election on May 13, 2014. The County was authorized to lay an excess levy to provide approximately \$203,094 annually during the five fiscal years ended June 30, 2015 through June 30, 2019, for the purpose of assisting local fire departments in meeting their legal and civil expense obligations.

3. Inventories and Prepaid Items

The cost of governmental fund-type inventories are recorded as expenditures when purchased rather than when consumed.

4. Capital Assets and Depreciation

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets, are reported in the applicable line items in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the County as assets with an initial, individual cost of \$7,500 or more and estimated to have a useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the assets or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

MONROE COUNTY, WEST VIRGINIA NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

The government depreciates the capital assets using the straight-line method. Capital assets depreciation and capitalization policies are defined by the government as follows:

| | Straight-line | | Inv | entory | Capitalize/ |
|--------------------------|----------------|----------|-----|------------|--------------------|
| Asset | Years | Purposes | | Depreciate | |
| Land | not applicable | | \$ | 1 | \$ Capitalize only |
| Land improvement | 20 to 30 years | | | 1 | 12,500.00 |
| Building | 40 years | | | 1 | 25,000.00 |
| Building improvements | 20 to 25 years | | | 1 | 25,000.00 |
| Construction in progress | not applicable | | | 1 | Capitalize only |
| Equipment | 5 to 10 years | | | 1,000 | 7,500.00 |
| Vehicles | 5 to 10 years | | | 1,000 | 15,000.00 |
| Infrastructure | 40 to 50 years | | | 50,000 | 100,000.00 |

5. Compensated Absences

No liability is reported for unpaid accumulated sick leave.

It is the government's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick pay benefits. All vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements as applicable. The compensated absences liability is liquidated using funds to which the liability accrued as the accumulated leave is used.

6. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the governmental activities statement of net position.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as expenditures.

7. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

MONROE COUNTY, WEST VIRGINIA NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

8. Fund Balances

In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balance is reported in five classifications:

Nonspendable fund balance

Inventories and prepaid amounts represent fund balance amounts that are not in spendable form.

Restricted

The restricted category is the portion of fund balance that is externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, laws or regulations. It also is imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed

The committed category is the portion of fund balance whose use is constrained by limitations have been approved by an order (the highest level of formal action) of the County Commission, and that remain binding unless removed in the same manner. The approval does not automatically lapse at the end of the fiscal year. The County does not have any committed fund balance this fiscal year.

Assigned

The assigned category is the portion of fund balance that has been approved by formal action of the County Commission for any amounts that are constrained by the government's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed.

Unassigned

The unassigned category is the portion of fund balance that has not been reported in any other classification. Only the general fund can report a positive amount of unassigned fund balance. However, any governmental fund in a deficit position could report a negative amount of unassigned fund balance.

The County Commission is the government's highest level of decision-making authority. The Commission would take formal action to establish, and modify or rescind, a fund balance commitment or to assign fund balance amounts to a specific purpose. The government has adopted a revenue spending policy that provides guidance for programs with multiple revenue sources. For purposes of fund balance classification, expenditures are to be spent from restricted fund balance first, followed in order by committed fund balance, assigned fund balance and lastly unassigned fund balance. The government has the authority to deviate from this policy if it is in the best interest of the County.

MONROE COUNTY, WEST VIRGINIA NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

9. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and deferred outflows/inflows of the resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of Monroe County's Public Employees Retirement System (PERS) and Deputy Sheriffs Retirement System (DSRS) and additions to/deductions from the Plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the PERS and DSRS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

10. Change in Accounting Principle

Effective July 1, 2017, the County partially adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions. The objective of the requirements of this statement is to improve accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments for postemployment benefits other than pensions (OPEB). This Statement establishes standards for recognizing and measuring liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and expense/expenditures. For defined benefit OPEB, this Statement identifies the methods and assumptions that are required to be used to project benefit payments, discount projected benefit payments to their actuarial present value, and attribute that present value to periods of employee service. Note disclosure and required supplementary information requirements about defined benefit OPEB also are addressed. The effect on beginning net position and fund balance is disclosed in Note III.I.

II. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. Budgetary Information

Monroe County, West Virginia prepares its budget on the cash basis of accounting. Therefore, a reconciliation has been performed on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual for both the General Fund and Coal Severance Tax Special Revenue Fund. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end.

Prior to March 2nd of each year, the various elected officials submit to the County Commission proposed requests for their respective offices for the fiscal year commencing July 1. Upon review and approval of these requests, the County Commission prepares proposed budgets on forms prescribed by the State Auditor and submits them to the State Auditor by March 28th for approval. The County Commission then reconvenes on the third Tuesday in April to hear objections from the public and to formally lay the levy.

MONROE COUNTY, WEST VIRGINIA NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, function and department. Transfers of appropriations between departments and revenue related revisions to the budget require approval from the governing council and then submission to the State Auditor for approval. Revisions become effective when approved by the State Auditor and budgeted amounts in the financial statements reflect only such approved amounts. The governing body made no material supplementary budgetary appropriations throughout the year.

B. Excess of Expenditures Over Appropriations

For this fiscal year, expenditures exceeded appropriations in the General Fund by \$273,622. This over expenditure was funded by available fund balance.

For this fiscal year, expenditures exceeded appropriations in the Coal Severance Tax Fund by \$4,011. This over expenditure was funded by available fund balance.

III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

A. Deposits and Investments

At year-end, the government had no investments.

Custodial Credit Risk

For deposits, the government could be exposed to risk in the event of a bank failure where the government's deposits may not be returned. The government's policy for custodial credit risk is to comply with statutory provisions for depository bond coverage, which provides that no public money should be deposited until the banking institution designated executes a bond with good and sufficient sureties which may not be less than the maximum sum that is deposited in the depository at any one time.

At year end, the County's bank balances were \$2,017,435. The bank balance was collateralized by federal depository insurance or with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the government's name.

A reconciliation of cash and investments as shown on the Statement of Net Position of the primary government and Statement of Net Position of the Fiduciary Funds is as follows:

| Cash and cash equivalents | \$2,017,435 |
|---|-------------------------|
| Total | \$ |
| Cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents-restricted | \$ 1,428,275 589,160 |
| Total | \$2,017,435 |

MONROE COUNTY, WEST VIRGINIA NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

For deposits, the Monroe County Farmland Protection Board could be exposed to risk in the event of a bank failure where the Board's deposits may not be returned. The Board does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. At year end, the Board's bank balances were \$223,498 and were fully collateralized by federal depository insurance.

B. Receivables

Receivables at year end for the government's individual major and aggregate nonmajor funds, and aggregate fiduciary funds, including applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

| Receivables: | : - | General | Fire Levy | Total | Fiduciary |
|-----------------------------------|----------------|------------|-----------|-------------|-----------|
| Taxes | \$_ | 150,244 \$ | 21,102 \$ | 171,346 \$_ | 404,206 |
| Less: Allowance for uncollectible | _ | (15,024) | (2,110) | (17,134) | (38,863) |
| Net total receivables | \$_ | 135,220 \$ | 18,992 \$ | 154,212 \$ | 365,343 |

Governmental funds report unavailable/unearned revenue in connection with receivables for revenue that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds also defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned. At the end of the current fiscal year, the various components of unavailable revenue and unearned revenue reported in the governmental funds were as follows:

| | | Deferred |
|---|---|-------------|
| | | Inflows - |
| | | Unavailable |
| Delinquent property taxes receivable (General Fund) | 9 | 84,896 |
| Delinquent property taxes receivable (Fire Levy) | | 11,793 |
| Total unavailable revenue for governmental funds | 9 | 96,689 |

MONROE COUNTY, WEST VIRGINIA NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

C. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018 was as follows:

| | | | Primary G | overnment | |
|--|-------|-------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-------------|
| | 9.5 | Beginning | | | Ending |
| | Ca. | Balance | Increases | Decreases | Balance |
| Governmental activities: | | | | | |
| Capital assets, not being depreciated: | | | | | |
| Land | \$ | 31,400 \$ | \$_ | \$. | 31,400 |
| Total capital assets not being depreciated | | 31,400 | | | 31,400 |
| Capital assets being depreciated: | | | | | |
| Buildings | | 140,000 | | | 140,000 |
| Structures and improvements | | 162,854 | | | 162,854 |
| Machinery and equipment | | 1,537,124 | 59,905 | (8,450) | 1,588,579 |
| Less: Total accumulated depreciation | | (1,390,925) | (77,996) | 4,563 | (1,464,358) |
| Total capital assets being depreciated, net | - | 449,053 | (18,091) | (3,887) | 427,075 |
| Governmental activities capital assets, net | \$ _ | 480,453 \$ | (18,091) \$ | (3,887) | 458,475 |
| Depreciation expense was charged to function | ıs/pı | rograms of the pr | rimary governme | ent as follows: | |
| Governmental activities: | | | | | |
| General government | | | | \$ | 9,012 |
| Public safety | | | | | 58,445 |
| Health and sanitation | | | | _ | 10,539 |
| Total depreciation expense-governmental activities | | | | \$_ | 77,996 |

Discretely Presented Component Units

Activity related to capital assets for the Monroe County Farmland Protection Board for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018 was as follows:

| | | Beginning | | | Ending |
|--|------|--------------|------------|-----------|-----------|
| | | Balances | Increases | Decreases | Balance |
| Capital Assets, not being depreciated: | | | | | |
| Intangibles: Land Easements | \$ | 2,234,891 \$ | 253,904 \$ | \$ | 2,488,795 |
| Total capital assets | \$ _ | 2,234,891 \$ | 253,904 \$ | \$ | 2,488,795 |

The capital asset category of intangibles - land easements consists of permanent land easements with an indefinite useful life and is therefore not amortized.

MONROE COUNTY, WEST VIRGINIA NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

Activity related to capital assets for the Monroe County Building Commission for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018 was as follows:

| | | Beginning Balances | Increases | Decreases | Ending Balance |
|------------------------------------|----------------|-----------------------|-------------|-----------|-------------------|
| Capital assets, being depreciated: | (= | | | | |
| Buildings | \$ | 1,330,236 \$ | - \$ | - \$ | 1,330,236 |
| Less: accumulated depreciation | s - | (457,891) | (29,930) | | (487,821) |
| Total capital assets | \$ = | 872,345 \$ | (29,930) \$ | \$ | 842,415 |

D. Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers

Interfund Transfers:

| Transferred from: | Transferred to: | Purpose | Amount |
|------------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Emergency 911 Assessor's Valuation | General General | Reimbursement Reimbursement | \$ 261,222 25,688 |
| Total | | | \$ 286,910 |

E. Fund Balance Detail

At year-end, the detail of the government's fund balances is as follows:

| | - | General Fund | | Coal Severance Fund |) - | Emergency 911 | | Ambulance Fee | Fire Levy |
|-----------------------|-----|-----------------|-----|---------------------|--------|------------------|------|------------------|--------------|
| Restricted: | | | | | | | | | |
| Public safety | \$ | | \$ | : | \$ | 893,507 | \$ | \$ | 86,937 |
| Health and sanitation | | | | | | | | 170,466 | |
| Assigned: | | | | | | | | | |
| Budget Carryover | | | | 62,216 | | | | | |
| Unassigned | - | 65,784 | | | | | | | |
| Total fund balances | \$_ | 65,784 | \$_ | 62,216 | \$ = | 893,507 | \$ = | 170,466 \$ | 86,937 |

MONROE COUNTY, WEST VIRGINIA NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

| | | Non-major | | | | |
|-----------------------|----|------------|-----------|--|--|--|
| | _ | Funds | Total | | | |
| Restricted: | | | | | | |
| General government | \$ | 84,614 \$ | 84,614 | | | |
| Public safety | | 122,274 | 1,102,718 | | | |
| Health and sanitation | | | 170,466 | | | |
| Assigned: | | | | | | |
| Budget Carryover | | • • | 62,216 | | | |
| Unassigned | - | | 65,784 | | | |
| Fotal fund balances | \$ | 206,888 \$ | 1,485,798 | | | |

F. Leases

Capital Leases

The government has entered into lease agreements as lessee for financing the acquisition of office equipment. These lease agreements qualify as capital leases for accounting purposes, and, therefore have been recorded at the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of the inception date.

The assets acquired through capital leases are as follows:

| Assets: | Governmental Activities |
|---|-------------------------|
| Tax Server Less: accumulated depreciation | \$ 15,000 (7,875) |
| Total | \$7,125 |

The future minimum lease obligations and the net present value of these minimum lease payments as of the fiscal year ended June 30 were as follows:

| | | Governmental |
|---|------|--------------|
| Year Ending June 30, | | Activities |
| 2019 | \$ | 4,338 |
| 2020 | | 412 |
| Total minimum lease payments | | 4,750 |
| Less: amount representing interest | - | (167) |
| Present value of minimum lease payments | \$ = | 4,583 |

MONROE COUNTY, WEST VIRGINIA NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

G. Notes

The Monroe County Building Commission, a discretely presented component unit, entered into a bank loan agreement with the Bank of Monroe on December 26, 2014 for the amount of \$189,000 for the purchase of a building to be used as a drug court. Interest will accrue at an annual rate of 3.75%. Repayment was to be made in 59 monthly payments with a single balloon payment of the entire unpaid balance of principal and interest made January 10, 2020.

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the note is as follows:

| | Governmental Activities | | | | | |
|----------------------|-------------------------|------------|----------|--|--|--|
| Year Ending June 30. | | ncipal | Interest | | | |
| 2019 | \$ | 10,840 \$ | 5,823 | | | |
| 2020 | 1 | 43,961 | 3,200 | | | |
| Total | \$ | 154,801 \$ | 9,023 | | | |

H. Changes in Long-term Liabilities

| | Governmental Activities | | | | | | |
|-------------------------|-------------------------|------------|-----------|------|------------------|--------------|------------|
| | Beginni | ng | | | | Ending | Due Within |
| | Balanc | e | Additions | | Reductions | Balance | One Year |
| Capital leases | \$ 8,0 | 68 \$ | | \$ | (3,485) \$ | 4,583 | \$ 4,172 |
| Net pension liability | 895,6 | 42 | | | (546,227) | 349,415 | |
| Compensated absences | 42,5 | 69 | 6,775 | | | 49,344 | |
| Governmental activities | | | | | | | |
| Long-term liabilities | \$ 946,2 | 79 \$ | 6,775 | \$_ | (549,712) \$ | 403,342 | \$4,172 |
| | | Discretely | Presented | Co | mponent Unit - B | uilding Comn | nission |
| | Beginnir | ıg | | | | Ending | Due Within |
| | Balance | <u> </u> | dditions | - | Reductions | Balance | One Year |
| Notes | \$165,3 | 97_\$ | | \$ = | (10,596) \$ | 154,801 | 10,840 |

MONROE COUNTY, WEST VIRGINIA NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

I. Prior Period Adjustment

The following balances required restatement at the beginning of the year as follows:

| | _ | General Fund | · _ | Governmental Activities |
|---|----|-----------------|-----|-------------------------|
| Fund balances (Net position), | | | | |
| as previously stated | \$ | 72,439 | \$ | 1,385,631 |
| Add: | | | | |
| OPEB payable balance reported in prior years in | | | | |
| accordance with GASB 45. | _ | 109,005 | _ | 109,005 |
| | | | | |
| Fund balances (Net position), restated | \$ | 181,444 | \$_ | 1,494,636 |

IV. OTHER INFORMATION

A. Risk Management

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the government carries insurance with West Virginia Counties Risk Pool for umbrella (general liability) insurance for these various risks.

Workers' Compensation Fund (WCF): Workers compensation coverage is provided for this entity by West Virginia Counties Risk Pool.

Liabilities are reported when it is probable a loss has occurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated.

B. Contingent Liabilities

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds.

The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the government expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

The County's legal counsel failed to respond regarding pending litigation.

MONROE COUNTY, WEST VIRGINIA NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

C. Deferred Compensation Plan

The government offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The plan, available to all full-time government employees at their option, permits participants to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to participants until termination, retirement, death or unforeseeable emergency.

All amounts of compensation deferred under the plan, all property and rights purchased with those amounts, and all income attributable to those amounts, property or rights are held for the exclusive benefit of the participants and their beneficiaries.

V. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS AND PLANS

General Information about the Pension Plans

Monroe County, West Virginia participates in state-wide, cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit plans on behalf of county employees. The system is administered by agencies of the State of West Virginia and funded by contributions from participants, employers, and state appropriations, as necessary.

The following is a summary of eligibility factors, contribution methods, and benefit provisions:

Public Employees Retirement System (PERS)

| Eligibility to participate | All county full-time employees, except those covered by other |
|----------------------------|---|
| | pension plans. |

| Authority establishing contribution obligations and | West Virginia State Code §5-10d discusses the Consolidated |
|---|--|
| benefit provisions | Public Retirement Board, which administers all public retirement |
| | plans in the State of West Virginia. |

| | Tier I | Tier II |
|---------------------------------|--------|---------|
| Plan member's contribution rate | 4.50% | 6.00% |
| County's contribution rate | 11.00% | 11.00% |

| Period required to vest | Five | Y | ea | urs |
|-------------------------|------|---|----|-----|
| | | | | |

Benefits and eligibility for distribution <u>Tier I</u>

Normal retirement if member who has attained age 60 and has earned 5 years or more of contributing service or age 55 if the sum of his/her age plus years of credited service is equal to or greater than 80. The final average salary (three highest consecutive years in the last 15) times the years of service times 2% equals the annual retirement benefit.

MONROE COUNTY, WEST VIRGINIA NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

Tier II

No

Normal retirement if member who has attained age 62 and has earned 10 years or more of contributing service. The final average salary (five highest consecutive years in the last 15) times the years of contributing at times 20% and the appeal attainment has 55.

of service times 2% equals the annual retirement benefit.

Deferred retirement portion

Provisions for:

Cost of living No
Death benefits Yes

West Virginia Deputy Sheriff Retirement System (WVDSRS)

Eligibility to participate West Virginia deputy sheriffs first employed after the effective date

and any deputy sheriffs hired prior to the effective date who elect to

become members.

Authority establishing contribution obligations and

benefit provisions

West Virginia State Code §5-10d discusses the Consolidated Public Retirement Board, which administers all public retirement plans in the state of West Virginia. The WVDRS is also discussed

in West Virginia State Code §7-14d.

Funding policy and contributions Certain fees for reports generated by sheriff's offices are paid to this

plan in accordance with West Virginia State Code. WVDSRS members are required to contribute 8.5% of their annual covered salary and the county is required to contribute 12%. The contribution requirements of WVDSRS members are established and may be amended only by the State of West Virginia

Legislature.

Period required to vest Five years

Benefits and eligibility for distribution A member who has attained age 60 and has earned 5 or more years

of contributing service or age 50 and if the sum of his/her age plus years of credited service is equal to or greater than 70. The final average salary (five highest consecutive years in the last ten years) times the years of service times 2.25% equals the annual retirement

benefit.

Deferred retirement option No deferred retirement option is available.

Provisions for cost of living adjustments or death This plan has no provisions for cost of living adjustments. There

benefits are provisions for death benefits.

MONROE COUNTY, WEST VIRGINIA NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

Annual pension cost and amount contributed:

For the current fiscal year ended, the annual cost was \$41,965 for all covered employees with a contributed percentage of 100%.

West Virginia

Trend Information

| | Public Employees <u>Retirement System (PERS)</u> | | * · · | | Deputy Sherif System (W | ff Retirement | |
|-------------|--|----|----------------------|------------------------|----------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| Fiscal Year | | An | nual Pension Cost | Percentage Contributed | - | Annual Pension Cost | Percentage Contributed |
| 2018 | | \$ | 115,323 | 100% | \$ | 41,965 | 100% |
| 2017 | | \$ | 123,151 | 100% | \$ | 40,712 | 100% |
| 2016 | | \$ | 135,586 | 100% | \$ | 41,599 | 100% |
| | | | | | | | |

PERS and WVDSRS issue a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That information may be obtained by writing to the Public Employees Retirement System, 4101 MacCorkle Avenue, SE, Charleston, WV 25304.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At fiscal year-end, the government reported the following liabilities for its proportionate share of the net pension liabilities. The net pension liabilities were measured as of June 30, 2017, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liabilities was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The government's proportion of the net pension liabilities was based on a projection of the government's long-term share of contributions to the pension plans relative to the projected contributions of all participating governments, actuarially determined. Note: these amounts differ from the net pension liability reported on the Statement of Net Position due to rounding and changes to the allocation schedules; however, the differences in these amounts are considered immaterial. At June 30, 2017, the government's reported the following proportions, per the actuarial valuation, and increase/decreases from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2016:

| | PERS | | V | /VDSRS |
|---|----------------|----------|----------|----------|
| Amount for proportionate share of net pension liability | \$ | 322,015 | \$ | 25,405 |
| Percentage for proportionate share of net pension liability | 0.074602% 0.67 | | .678007% | |
| Increase/decrease % from prior proportion measured | | 2.35577% | - | 3.55643% |

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the government recognized the following pension expenses.

| | PERS | V | VVDSRS |
|-----------------|--------------|----|--------|
| Pension expense | \$ 81,298 | \$ | 17,831 |

MONROE COUNTY, WEST VIRGINIA NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

The government reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Public Employees Retirement System

| | Deferred Outflows of Resources | Deferred Inflows of Resources |
|--|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Changes in proportion and differences between government contributions and proportionate share of contributions | \$ 18,299 | \$ (7,225) |
| Net difference between projected and actual investment earnings on pension plan investments Difference between expected and actual experience | 28,657 | (78,287) (712) |
| Deferred difference in assumptions | | (16,703) |
| Government contributions subsequent to the measurement date | 115,323 | <u></u> |
| | \$162,279 | \$ (102,927) |

The amount reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from government contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30:

| 2019 | \$ | (20,402) |
|-------|----|----------|
| 2020 | | 30,139 |
| 2021 | | 1,305 |
| 2022 | 1 | (67,013) |
| | | |
| Total | \$ | (55,971) |

MONROE COUNTY, WEST VIRGINIA NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

| West Virginia Deputy Sheriff Retirement System | | |
|---|-------------------|------------------|
| | Deferred Outflows | Deferred Inflows |
| | of Resources | of Resources |
| Changes in proportion and differences between government contributions and proportionate share of contributions | \$ 22,835 | \$ (4,608) |
| Net difference between projected and actual investment earnings on pension plan investments | | (26,869) |
| Difference between expected and actual experience | 11,038 | (59,041) |
| Deferred difference in assumptions | | (18,435) |
| Government contributions subsequent to the measurement date | 41,965 | |
| | \$75,838_ | \$(108,953) |

The amount reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from government contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30:

| 2019 | \$ (18,347) |
|------------|-----------------|
| 2020 | 691 |
| 2021 | (7,228) |
| 2022 | (26,018) |
| 2023 | (10,654) |
| Thereafter | (13,524) |
| Total | \$ (75,080) |

Summary of Deferred Outflow/Inflow Balances

| | 10 | Total | PERS | DSRS |
|--|----|-------------|-----------|-----------|
| Difference between expected and actual experience | \$ | (20,058) \$ | 27,945 \$ | (48,003) |
| Changes in assumptions | | (35,138) | (16,703) | (18,435) |
| Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments Changes in proportion and differences between | | (105,156) | (78,287) | (26,869) |
| government contributions and proportionate share of contributions Government contributions subsequent to the | | 29,301 | 11,074 | 18,227 |
| measurement date | | 157,288 | 115,323 | 41,965 |

MONROE COUNTY, WEST VIRGINIA NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

Actuarial assumptions. Net pension liability was determined by actuarial valuations as of June 30, 2016 for all plans, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement.

Public Employees Retirement System

Actuarial assumptions

Inflation rate

3.00%

Salary increases

State 3.0-4.6%, Nonstate 3.35-6.0%

Investment Rate of Return

7.50%

Mortality Rates

Active - 100% of RP-2000 Non-Annuitant, Scale AA fully generational

Retired healthy males - 110% of RP-2000 Healthy Annuitant, Scale AA fully generational Retired healthy females - 101% of RP-2000 Healthy Annuitant, Scale AA fully generational

Disabled males - 96% of RP-2000 Disabled Annuitant, Scale AA fully generational Disabled females - 107% of RP-2000 Disabled Annuitant, Scale AA fully generational

The date range of the most recent experience study was from 2009-2014.

West Virginia Deputy Sheriff Retirement System

Actuarial assumptions

Inflation rate

3.00%

Salary increases

5.0% for first 2 years of service

4.5% for next 3 years of service

4.0% for the next 5 years of service, and

3.5% thereafter

Investment Rate of Return

7.50%

Mortality Rates

Active - 100% of RP-2014 Non-Annuitant tables (sex-distinct), Scale MP-2016 fully generational

Healthy male retirees - 103% of RP-2014 Male Healthy Annuitant table, Scale MP-2016 fully generational Healthy female retirees - 100% of RP-2014 Female Healthy Annuitant tables, Scale MP-2016 fully generational

Disabled males - 100% of RP-2014 Male Disabled Annuitant table, Scale MP-2016 fully generational Disabled females - 100% of RP-2014 Female Disabled Annuitant table, Scale MP-2016 fully generational

The date range of the most recent experience study was from 2011-2016.

MONROE COUNTY, WEST VIRGINIA NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments were determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate rates of expected future real rates of returns (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included are summarized in the following chart:

| | Long-term Expected | PERS | DSRS |
|-------------------------|--------------------|--------------|--------------|
| | Real Rate | Target Asset | Target Asset |
| Investment | of Return | Allocation | Allocation |
| US Equity | 7.0% | 27.5% | 27.5% |
| International Equity | 7.7% | 27.5% | 27.5% |
| Core Fixed Income | 2.7% | 15.0% | 15.0% |
| High Yield Fixed Income | 5.5% | 0.0% | 0.0% |
| TIPS | 2.7% | 0.0% | 0.0% |
| Real Estate | 7.0% | 10.0% | 10.0% |
| Private Equity | 9.4% | 10.0% | 10.0% |
| Hedge Funds | 4.7% | 10.0% | 10.0% |
| | | 100.0% | 100.0% |

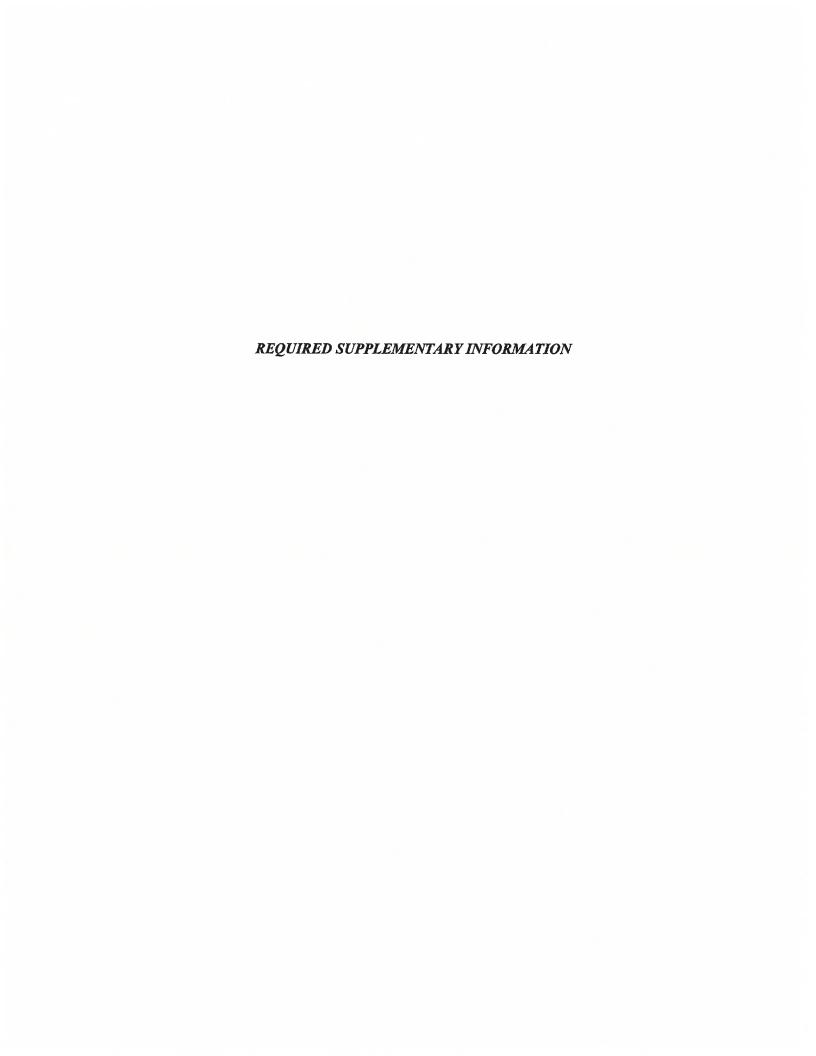
Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.5 percent for all defined benefit plans. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rates assumed that employer contributions will continue to follow the current funding policies. Based on those assumptions, the fiduciary net position for each defined benefit pension plan was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments were applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liabilities of each plan.

The following chart presents the sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate, calculated using the discount rates as used in the actuarial evaluation, and what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current rate:

| | | 1% | Current | 1% |
|--|----|------------|---------------|-----------|
| | | Decrease | Discount Rate | Increase |
| | - | 6.50% | 7.50% | 8.50% |
| Government's proportionate share of PERS's net pension liability | \$ | 891,481 \$ | 322,015 \$ | (159,463) |
| Government's proportionate share of WVDSRS's net pension liability | \$ | 220,474 \$ | 25,405 \$ | (135,181) |

MONROE COUNTY, WEST VIRGINIA NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

Pension plans' fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plans' fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued financial report available at the Consolidated Public Retirement Board's website at www.wvretirement.com. That information can also be obtained by writing to the West Virginia Consolidated Public Retirement Board, 4101 MacCorkle Avenue SE, Charleston, WV 25304.



MONROE COUNTY, WEST VIRGINIA SCHEDULES OF THE GOVERNMENT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

Public Employees Retirement System Last 5 Fiscal Years*

| | <u>2018</u> | <u>2017</u> | <u>2016</u> | <u>2015</u> | <u>2014</u> |
|--|--------------|--------------|--------------|-------------|-------------|
| Government's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) (percentage) | 0.074602% | 0.072885% | 0.075105% | 0.070547% | 0.067213% |
| Government's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) | 322,015 \$ | 669,897 \$ | 419,389 \$ | 260,366 \$ | 612,734 |
| Government's covered payroll | 1,026,261 \$ | 1,004,341 \$ | 1,018,530 \$ | 944,705 \$ | 899,600 |
| Government's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll | 31.38% | 66.70% | 41.18% | 27.56% | 68.11% |
| Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability | 93.67% | 86.11% | 91.29% | 93.98% | 84.58% |

^{* -} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30.

MONROE COUNTY, WEST VIRGINIA SCHEDULES OF THE GOVERNMENT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

West Virginia Deputy Sheriff Retirement System Last 5 Fiscal Years*

| | <u>2018</u> | <u>2017</u> | <u>2016</u> | <u>2015</u> | <u>2014</u> |
|--|------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| Government's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) (percentage) | 0.678007% | 0.703009% | 0.652500% | 0.589641% | 0.561302% |
| Government's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) | \$ 25,405 \$ | 223,810 \$ | 133,841 \$ | 100,540 \$ | 188,059 |
| Government's covered payroll | \$ 339,263 \$ | 346,659 \$ | 310,962 \$ | 273,149 \$ | 245,912 |
| Government's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll | 7.49% | 64.56% | 43.04% | 36.81% | 76.47% |
| Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability | 98.17% | 84.48% | 89.31% | 90.52% | 80.20% |

^{* -} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30.

MONROE COUNTY, WEST VIRGINIA SCHEDULES OF GOVERNMENT CONTRIBUTIONS - RETIREMENT SYSTEMS For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

Public Employees Retirement System Last 10 Fiscal Years

| | 2018 | 2017 | 2016 | 2015 | 2014 | 2013 | 2012 | 2011 | 2010 | 2009 |
|--|-----------------|--------------|---|--------------|----------------------------------|---|------------|--|-----------|----------|
| Contractually required contribution | \$ 115,323 \$ | 123,151 \$ | | 142,594 \$ | 135,586 \$ 142,594 \$ 136,982 \$ | | 125,711 \$ | 125,944 \$ 125,711 \$ 104,191 \$ 85,736 \$ | 85,736 \$ | 85,293 |
| Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution | (115,323) | (123,151) | (135,586) | (142,594) | (136,982) | (142,594) (136,982) (125,944) (125,711) (104,191) | (125,711) | (104,191) | (85,736) | (85,293) |
| Contribution deficiency (excess) | \$ " - | : | * | : | : | s : | : | : | : | : |
| Government's covered payroll | \$ 1,048,391 \$ | 1,026,261 \$ | 1,026,261 \$ 1,004,341 \$ 1,018,530 \$ 944,705 \$ 899,600 \$ 866,974 \$ 833,529 \$ 779,419 \$ | 1,018,530 \$ | 944,705 \$ | \$ 009,668 | 866,974 \$ | 833,529 \$ | | 812,313 |
| Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll | 11.00% | 12.00% | 13.50% | 14.00% | 14.50% | 14.00% | 14.50% | 12.50% | 11.00% | 10.50% |

MONROE COUNTY, WEST VIRGINIA SCHEDULES OF GOVERNMENT CONTRIBUTIONS - RETIREMENT SYSTEMS For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

West Virginia Deputy Sheriff Retirement System Last 10 Fiscal Years

| | | 2018 | 2017 | <i>(</i> 21 | <u>2016</u> | 2015 | 2014 | 2013 | 2012 | 2011 | 2010 | 2009 |
|--|--------------|------------|----------|---------------|-------------|------------|-----------------------|-------------------------------|----------------------------|---------------|---------------|----------|
| Contractually required contribution | ⇔ | 41,965 \$ | 40,712 | 69 | 41,599 \$ | 38,870 \$ | 35,509 \$ | 31,969 \$ | 31,969 \$ 34,596 \$ 25,712 | 25,712 \$ | 17,082 \$ | 13,157 |
| Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution | 1 | (41,965) | (40,712) | 1 | (41,599) | (38,870) | (35,509) | (31,969) | (34,596) | (25,712) | (17,082) | (13,157) |
| Contribution deficiency (excess) | e>∥ | : | | e4 | : | : | : | ÷ | : | \$ | \$ | : |
| Government's covered payroll | €9 | 349,705 \$ | 339,263 | 69 | 346,659 \$ | 310,962 \$ | 310,962 \$ 273,149 \$ | 245,912 \$ 266,126 \$ 244,879 | 266,126 \$ | 244,879 \$ | 162,684 \$ | 125,305 |
| Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll | | 12.00% | 12.00% | % | 12.00% | 12.50% | 13.00% | 13.00% | 13.00% | 10.50% | 10.50% | 10.50% |

MONROE COUNTY, WEST VIRGINIA NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

Public Employees Retirement System (PERS)

Changes of benefit terms. Legislation passed during the 2015 Legislative session created a second tier of retirement benefits for those hired for the first time and first become a member of PERS on or after July 1, 2015 (Tier II). For tier II employees, normal retirement if member who has attained age 62 and has earned 10 years or more of contributing service. The final average salary (five highest consecutive years in the last 15) times the years of service times 2% equals the annual retirement benefit.

Changes of assumptions:

Discount Rate

7.5%

| Changes of assump | | | | |
|---------------------------|--|---|---|--|
| | 2017 | <u>2016</u> | <u>2015</u> | <u>2014</u> |
| Inflation | 3.0% | 3.0% | 3.0% | 3.0% |
| Salary Increases | State: 3.00% - 4.60%; Nonstate: 3.35% - 6.00% | 4.25% - 6.00% | 4.25% - 6.00% | 4.25% - 6.00% |
| Investment Rate of Return | 7.50% | 7.50% | 7.50% | 7.50% |
| Mortality | Healthy males – 110% RP-2000 Non-Annuitant, scale AA fully generational; Healthy females – 101% RP-2000 Non-Annuitant, scale AA fully generational; Disabled males – 96% RP-2000 Disabled Annuitant, scale AA fully generational; Disabled females – 107% RP-2000 Disabled Annuitant, scale AA fully generational; | Healthy males - 1983 GAM; Healthy females - 1971 GAM, set back 1 year; Disabled males - 1971 GAM, set forward 8 years; Disabled females - revenue ruling 96- 7. | Healthy males - 1983 GAM; Healthy females - 1971 GAM, set back 1 year; Disabled males - 1971 GAM, set forward 8 years; Disabled females - revenue ruling 96- 7. | Healthy males - 1983 GAM; Healthy females - 1971 GAM, set back 1 year; Disabled males - 1971 GAM, set forward 8 years; Disabled females - revenue ruling 96-7. |

7.5%

7.5%

7.5%

MONROE COUNTY, WEST VIRGINIA NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

West Virginia Deputy Sheriff Retirement System (WVDSRS)

Changes of assumptions:

| | 2017 | <u>2016</u> | <u>2015</u> | <u>2014</u> |
|---------------------------|--|---|---|--|
| Inflation | 3.0% | 3.0% | 3.0% | 3.0% |
| Salary Increases | 5.00% for first 2 years; 4.50% next 3 years; 4.00% next 5 years and 3.50% thereafter. | 5.00% for first 2 years; 4.50% next 3 years; 4.00% next 5 years and 3.50% thereafter. | 5.00% for first 2 years; 4.50% next 3 years; 4.00% next 5 years and 3.50% thereafter. | 5.00% for first 2 years; 4.50% next 3 years; 4.00% next 5 years and 3.50% thereafter. |
| Investment Rate of Return | 7.50% | 7.50% | 7.50% | 7.50% |
| Mortality | Active - RP-2000 Annuitant, scale BB projected to 2020; Retired - RP-2000 Healthy Annuitant, scale BB projected to 2025; Disabled - RP-2000 Healthy Annuitant, scale BB projected to 2025, set forward 1 year. | Active - RP-2000 Annuitant, scale BB; Retired - RP- 2000 Healthy Annuitant, scale BB; Disabled - RP-2000 Healthy Annuitant, scale BB, set forward 1 year. | Active - RP-2000 Annuitant, scale BB; Retired - RP- 2000 Healthy Annuitant, scale BB; Disabled - RP-2000 Healthy Annuitant, scale BB, set forward 1 year. | Active - RP-2000 Annuitant, scale BB; Retired - RP- 2000 Healthy Annuitant, scale BB; Disabled - RP-2000 Healthy Annuitant, scale BB, set forward 1 year. |
| Discount Rate | 7.5% | 7.5% | 7.5% | 7.5% |



MONROE COUNTY, WEST VIRGINIA BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE -ASSESSOR'S VALUATION FUND For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

| | | Budgeted Amounts | | A | Actual Amounts Budget | | Variance with Final Budget | |
|---------------------------------|------|------------------|-----------|------|--------------------------|------|-------------------------------|--|
| | - | Original | Final | , . | Basis | | Positive (Negative) | |
| REVENUES: | | | | | | | | |
| Other taxes | \$ | 81,222 \$ | 81,222 | \$ | 92,773 | \$ | 11,551 | |
| Map sales | | 200 | 200 | | 425 | | 225 | |
| Interest | 2- | 35 | 35 | - | 35 | | | |
| Total revenues | :- | 81,457 | 81,457 | _ | 93,233 | | 11,776 | |
| EXPENDITURES: | | | | | | | | |
| Current: | | | | | | | | |
| General government | | 90,360 | 91,547 | | 77,623 | | 13,924 | |
| Capital outlay | = | 27,669 | 27,669 | _ | | | 27,669 | |
| Total expenditures | - | 118,029 | 119,216 | _ | 77,623 | - 6 | 41,593 | |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenues | | | | | | | | |
| over expenditures | - | (36,572) | (37,759) | - | 15,610 | , | 53,369 | |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) | | | | | | | | |
| Transfers (out) | - | | | _ | (25,688) | | (25,688) | |
| Total other financing | | | | | | | | |
| sources (uses) | - | | | - | (25,688) | , | (25,688) | |
| Net change in fund balance | | (36,572) | (37,759) | | (10,078) | | 27,681 | |
| Fund balance at | | | | | | | | |
| beginning of year | = | 36,572 | 37,759 | _ | 57,576 | - | 19,817 | |
| Fund balance at | | | | | | | | |
| end of year | \$ _ | <u></u> \$ _ | | \$ _ | 47,498 | \$ = | 47,498 | |

MONROE COUNTY, WEST VIRGINIA GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCE SHEET MONROE COUNTY FARMLAND PROTECTION BOARD June 30, 2018

| | : | Farmland Protection Board |
|--|-------|---------------------------|
| ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS | | |
| Assets: | | |
| Current: | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$_ | 223,498 |
| Total assets | \$_ | 223,498 |
| Fund balance: | | |
| Unassigned | _ | 223,498 |
| Total fund balance | _ | 223,498 |
| Total liabilities, deferred inflows and fund balance | \$_ | 223,498 |
| Amounts reported for the Monroe County Farmland Protection Board in the statement of net positibecause: | ion a | re different |
| Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and are therefore not reported in the funds. (Note III.C) | | 2,488,795 |
| Net position of the Monroe County Farmland Protection Board | \$ | 2,712,293 |

MONROE COUNTY, WEST VIRGINIA GOVERNMENTAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE

MONROE COUNTY FARMLAND PROTECTION BOARD

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

| | _ | Farmland Protection Board |
|--|-----------|---------------------------------|
| REVENUES | | |
| Taxes: | | |
| Other taxes | \$ | 65,369 |
| Intergovernmental: | | |
| State | | 260,417 |
| Interest and investment earnings | _ | 199 |
| Total revenues | | 325,985 |
| EXPENDITURES | | |
| Current: | | |
| General government | _ | 276,610 |
| Total expenditures | - | 276,610 |
| Net change in fund balance | | 49,375 |
| Fund balance - beginning | _ | 174,123 |
| Fund balance - ending | \$_ | 223,498 |
| Amounts reported for the Monroe County Farmland Protection Board in the statement different because: | nt of | activities are |
| Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds | \$ | 49,375 |
| Capital outlays are reported as an expenditure in the governmental funds but are considered an asset at the government-wide level. This is the amount of capital assets that were purchased during the fiscal year. (Note III.C) | | 253,904 |
| Change in net position of the Monroe County Farmland Protection Board | * <u></u> | 303,279 |

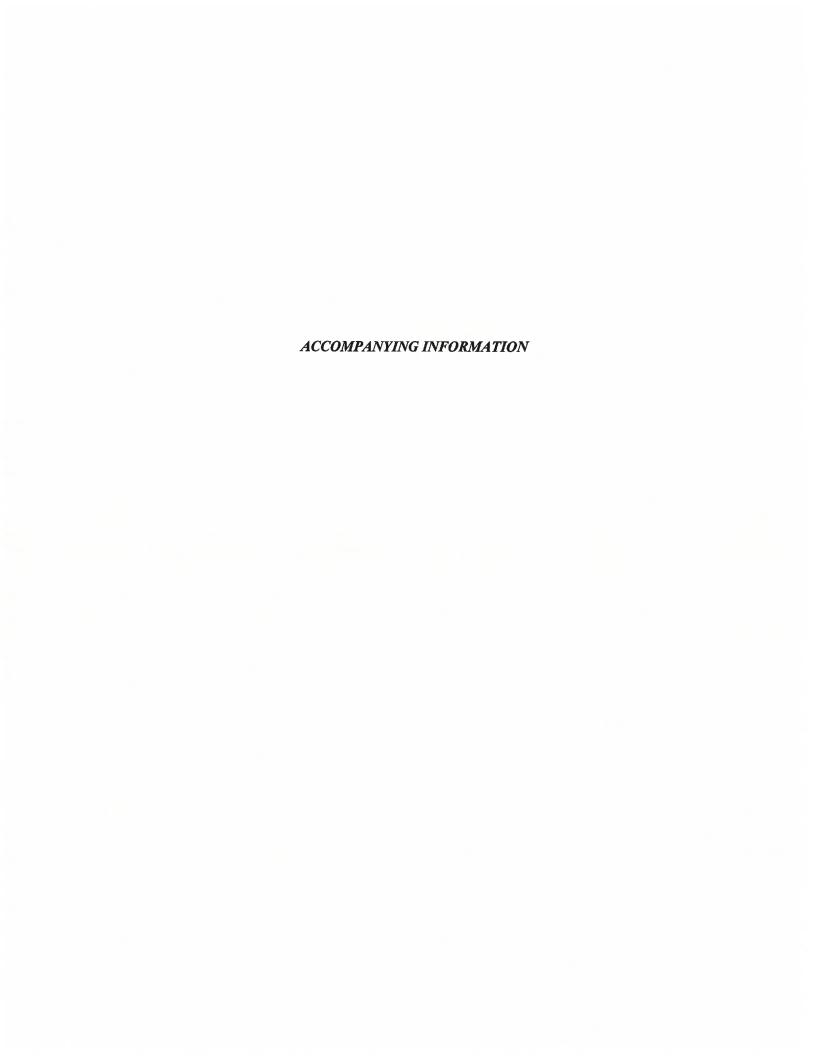
MONROE COUNTY, WEST VIRGINIA GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCE SHEET MONROE COUNTY BUILDING COMMISSION June 30, 2018

| | | Building Commission |
|--|------|------------------------|
| ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS | | |
| Total assets and deferred outflows of resources | \$ | |
| LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND FUND BALANCE Fund balance: | | |
| Unassigned | \$ _ | |
| Total fund balance | - | |
| Total liabilities, deferred inflows and fund balance | \$ = | |
| Amounts reported for the Monroe County Building Commission in the statement of net position a because: | re d | lifferent |
| Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and are therefore not reported in the funds. (Note III.C) | \$ | 842,415 |
| Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds. (Note III.G) | - | (154,801) |
| Net position of the Monroe County Building Commission | \$_ | 687,614 |

MONROE COUNTY, WEST VIRGINIA GOVERNMENTAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE MONROE COUNTY BUILDING COMMISSION

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

| | | Building Commission |
|--|-------|------------------------|
| REVENUES | | |
| Charges for services | \$ _ | 16,800 |
| Total revenues | 9 | 16,800 |
| EXPENDITURES | | |
| Debt service: | | |
| Principal | | 10,596 |
| Interest | - | 6,204 |
| Total expenditures | _ | 16,800 |
| Net change in fund balance | | |
| Fund balance - beginning | _ | |
| Fund balance - ending | \$_ | |
| Amounts reported for the Monroe County Building Commission in the statement of activities are different | t bec | ause: |
| Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds | \$ | |
| Capital outlays are reported as an expenditure in the governmental funds. In the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount of depreciation expense charged during the year. (Note III.C) | | (29,930) |
| The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items. (Note III.H) | _ | 10,596 |
| Change in net position of the Monroe County Building Commission | \$_ | (19,334) |





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State of Mest Hirginia John B. McCuskey State Auditor and

State Auditor and Chief Inspector

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REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*

Independent Auditor's Report

Honorable Members of the Monroe County Commission Union, West Virginia 24983

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Monroe County Commission, West Virginia (the County), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated February 19, 2020. In that report, we issued an qualified opinion for not properly recording certain revenues, receivables, expenditures, and payables in the General Fund, for not having an actuarial study done to determine the County's liability with regard to certain defined benefits in accordance with GASB 75 and due to failure to receive a response regarding pending litigation. Our report includes a reference to other auditors who audited the financial statements of the Monroe County Board of Health, the Monroe County Health Center, and the Monroe County Public Library, as described in our report on the County's financial statements. This report does not include the results of the other auditors' testing of internal control over financial reporting or compliance and other matters that are reported on separately by those auditors.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the County's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control.

Honorable Members of the Monroe County Commission Page 2

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses and significant deficiencies.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. We consider the deficiencies described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses as items 2018-001, 2018-003, and 2018-004 to be material weaknesses.

A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiencies described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses as items 2018-005 and 2018-010 to be significant deficiencies.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the County's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which are described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses as items 2018-002, 2018-006, 2018-007, 2018-008, and 2018-009.

Entity's Response to Findings

The County's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses. The County's responses were not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Honorable Members of the Monroe County Commission Page 3

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Respectfully submitted,

John B. McCuskey

West Virginia State Auditor Charleston, West Virginia

February 19, 2020

Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions 2018-001

CONDITION:

We determined during our audit that management did not account for postemployment benefits other than pensions in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement Number 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions.

CRITERIA:

The GASB issued Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, which is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2017. This statement established standards of accounting and financial reporting for defined benefit other postemployment benefits and defined contribution other postemployment benefits that are provided to the employees of state and local governmental employers through other postemployment benefit plans that are administered through trusts or equivalent arrangements that meet certain criteria. GASB Statement No. 75 also established standards of accounting and financial reporting for defined benefit other postemployment benefits and defined contribution other postemployment benefits that are provided to the employees of state and local governmental employers through other postemployment benefit plans that are not administered through trusts that meet certain criteria.

CAUSE:

Management did not have controls in place to ensure that a GASB 75 actuarial valuation was conducted.

EFFECT:

The financial statements of the Monroe County Commission do not account for the County's postemployment benefits in accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 75. This necessitated a qualification of opinion.

RECOMMENDATION:

Management should review the requirements set forth in GASB Statement No. 75. Further, management should acquire an actuarial valuation that presents a fair position of the funded status of the County's postemployment plans in accordance with GASB Statement No. 75.

VIEWS OF RESPONSIBLE OFFICIALS AND PLANNED CORRECTIVE ACTIONS:

The County Commission will obtain the necessary evaluation for future audits.

<u>Preparation and Publication of Financial Statements</u> 2018-002

CONDITION:

We noted during our audit that the Monroe County Commission failed to prepare and cause to be published the annual financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018.

CRITERIA:

West Virginia Code §7-5-16 states, in part, that:

"The County Commission of every county, by October 15 of each fiscal year, shall prepare on a form to be prescribed by the state tax commissioner, and cause to be published a statement revealing: (1) the receipts and expenditures of the county during the previous fiscal year arranged under descriptive headings, (2) the name of each firm, corporation, and person who received more than fifty dollars from any fund during the previous fiscal year, together with the amount received and the purpose for which paid, and (3) all debts of the county, the purpose for which each debt was contracted, its due date, and to what date the interest thereon has been paid..."

CAUSE:

Officials and management of the County did not have proper procedures in effect to ensure that a financial statement was prepared and published.

EFFECT:

The Monroe County Commission failed to prepare and publish financial statements in accordance with West Virginia Code §7-5-16.

RECOMMENDATION:

The Monroe County Commission is directed to review this statute and comply with the provisions set forth therein.

VIEWS OF RESPONSIBLE OFFICIALS AND PLANNED CORRECTIVE ACTIONS:

The County Commission will enlist the assistance of the Auditor's staff for assistance in preparing the annual financial statement and publish such statement as required by WV Code.

Preparation of Financial Statement 2018-003

CONDITION:

We noted during our audit that the Monroe County Commission did not have controls in place to ensure that financial statements were prepared timely and accurately.

CRITERIA:

Indicators of material weaknesses in internal controls include:

- Identification by the auditor of a material misstatement of the financial statements under audit in circumstances that indicate that the misstatement would not have been detected by the entity's internal control; and
- Ineffective oversight of the entity's financial reporting and internal control by those charged with governance.

CAUSE:

Inadequate policies and procedures were in place related to controls necessary to minimize the risk of a material misstatement of financial statements prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

EFFECT:

A significant potential exists for misstatements to occur in the financial statements without being detected by employees or management in a timely manner.

RECOMMENDATION:

Management should develop policies and procedures to ensure financial statements are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. This may be accomplished by employing qualified personnel that are knowledgeable about the complex requirements associated with governmental financial statements prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. The County officials may also consider contracting with an outside firm knowledgeable in this specialized area to facilitate this management function.

VIEWS OF RESPONSIBLE OFFICIALS AND PLANNED CORRECTIVE ACTIONS:

The County Commission and County Clerk will develop policies to ensure the financial statement is prepared in accordance with generally accepted principles. The Commission may consider contracting with an outside firm knowledgeable in preparing financial statements to assist us in preparing our statement.

Reconciliation of Balances 2018-004

CONDITION:

We noted during our audit that the Monroe County Sheriff's Tax Office and the County Clerk's bookkeeping office failed to reconcile their cash balances on a monthly basis.

CRITERIA:

Proper internal control procedures require that the cash balance of each fund accounted for by the County Clerk's Office be reconciled monthly to the Sheriff's Tax Office balance. This reconciliation will make the likelihood of an improper use of monies less possible. In addition, errors are more likely to be discovered and corrected in a timely manner.

CAUSE:

Proper procedures have not been implemented between the Sheriff's Tax Office and the County Clerk's bookkeeping department to reconcile on a monthly basis.

EFFECT:

The likelihood of discrepancies occurring without being detected in a timely manner, and the risk of an improper use of funds is greatly increased.

RECOMMENDATION:

All funds accounted for by the County Clerk's Office should be reconciled to the Sheriff's Office on a monthly basis.

VIEWS OF RESPONSIBLE OFFICIALS AND PLANNED CORRECTIVE ACTIONS:

The County Clerk's Office has contacted CSSI, the vendor for both the Clerk's Office and Sheriff's Tax Office for the purpose of scheduling a meeting to discuss what software needs to be purchased or networking needs to be performed to enable the Clerk's Office and Tax Office to reconcile their cash balances on a monthly basis.

Segregation of Duties 2018-005

CONDITION:

We noted during our audit that there is an insufficient segregation of duties in the Monroe County courthouse. Specifically, we noted that the same employees can collect fees and other revenue, prepare and make deposits, prepare checks, reconcile bank accounts, and prepare monthly reports for the respective office.

CRITERIA:

Proper internal control procedures require that various duties be segregated among staff. The duties of collecting, recording, depositing revenues, reconciling bank accounts and disbursing monies should be separated.

CAUSE:

The entity has not implemented proper control procedures to sufficiently segregate duties.

EFFECT:

The likelihood of errors and/or irregularities occurring without being detected by employees while performing their assigned functions is greatly increased.

RECOMMENDATION:

The duties of collecting revenues and writing receipts, preparing and making deposits, issuing checks, reconciling bank accounts, and preparing the monthly statements should be segregated among different employees.

VIEWS OF RESPONSIBLE OFFICIALS AND PLANNED CORRECTIVE ACTIONS:

While we certainly understand the segregation of duties is important, there is virtually no way to segregate duties when you have a staff consisting of three or four individuals. We will certainly do the best we can in segregating duties among different employees.

Failure to Submit Budget Revision to Appropriate the <u>Unexpended Fund Balance - General Fund</u> 2018-006

CONDITION:

We noted during our audit that the Monroe County Commission failed to submit a budget revision for the General Fund to appropriate the actual unexpended fund balance at June 30, 2017 into the subsequent year's budget.

CRITERIA:

West Virginia Code §6-9-3 states in part

"All unexpended balances or appropriations shall be transferred to the credit of the fund from which originally appropriated or levied whenever the account with an appropriation is closed."

CAUSE:

The Monroe County Commission did not have adequate control procedures in place to ensure that budget revisions were made to appropriate the actual unexpended fund balance at June 30, 2017 into the subsequent year's budget.

EFFECT:

The unexpended balance at June 30, 2017 for the General Fund was not properly appropriated into the current year budget.

RECOMMENDATION:

Management is directed to implement effective budgetary controls and submit budget revisions when necessary to appropriate the actual unexpended fund balances at year end into the subsequent year's budget.

VIEWS OF RESPONSIBLE OFFICIALS AND PLANNED CORRECTIVE ACTIONS:

Management indicated they will implement effective budgetary controls and submit budget revisions when necessary.

Failure to Submit Budget Revision to Appropriate the Unexpended Fund Balance - Coal Severance Tax Fund 2018-007

CONDITION:

We noted during our audit that the Monroe County Commission failed to submit a budget revision for the Coal Severance Tax Fund to appropriate the actual unexpended fund balance at June 30, 2017 into the subsequent year's budget.

CRITERIA:

West Virginia Code §6-9-3 states in part

"All unexpended balances or appropriations shall be transferred to the credit of the fund from which originally appropriated or levied whenever the account with an appropriation is closed."

CAUSE:

The Monroe County Commission did not have adequate control procedures in place to ensure that budget revisions were made to appropriate the actual unexpended fund balance at June 30, 2017 into the subsequent year's budget.

EFFECT:

The unexpended balance at June 30, 2017 for the Coal Severance Tax Fund was not properly appropriated into the current year budget.

RECOMMENDATION:

Management is directed to implement effective budgetary controls and submit budget revisions when necessary to appropriate the actual unexpended fund balances at year end into the subsequent year's budget.

VIEWS OF RESPONSIBLE OFFICIALS AND PLANNED CORRECTIVE ACTIONS:

Management will implement effective budgetary controls and submit budget revisions when necessary.

Expenditures in Excess of Amounts Allocated in the Levy Estimate - General Fund 2018-008

CONDITION:

We noted during our audit that the Monroe County Commission incurred expenditures in the General fund in excess of the amounts allocated for that item in the official estimate (budget) as last revised. Specifically expenditures in the following categories exceeded the approved amount.

| Account Number | Line Item | Budget Actual | | Variance | | |
|----------------|--------------------------|---------------|---------|---------------|----|-----------|
| 699 | Contingencies | \$ | 239,864 | \$ 764,436 | \$ | (524,572) |
| 401 | County Commission | | 346,548 | 529,906 | | (183,358) |
| 700 | Law Enforcement | | 362,069 | 426,505 | | (64,436) |
| 415 | Magistrate Court | | 12,000 | 16,067 | | (4,067) |

CRITERIA:

West Virginia Code §11-8-26 states in part that:

- "... a local fiscal body shall not expend money or incur obligations:
- (1) In an unauthorized manner;
- (2) For an unauthorized purpose;
- (3) In excess of the amount allocated to the fund in the levy order;
- (4) In excess of the funds available for current expenses..."

CAUSE:

The Monroe County Commission, Monroe County Clerk, and Monroe County Assessor did not have a policy in place to monitor compliance with this statute.

EFFECT:

The Monroe County Commission, Monroe County Clerk and Monroe County Assessor incurred expenditures that were in excess of the amount allocated in their various budget line items.

RECOMMENDATION:

The Monroe County Commission is directed to implement effective budgetary controls to ensure that actual expenditures do not exceed the amounts allocated for those expenditures in the official levy estimate as approved by the State Auditor.

VIEWS OF RESPONSIBLE OFFICIALS AND PLANNED CORRECTIVE ACTIONS:

The Monroe County Commission will implement effective budgetary controls to ensure that actual expenditures do not exceed the amounts allotted for those expenditures in the official levy estimate as approved by the State Auditor.

Expenditures in Excess of Amounts Allocated in the Levy Estimate - Coal Severance Fund 2018-009

CONDITION:

We noted during our audit that the Monroe County Commission incurred expenditures in the Coal Severance fund in excess of the amounts allocated for that item in the official estimate (budget) as last revised. Specifically expenditures in the following categories exceeded the approved amount.

| <u>Line Item</u> <u>B</u> | | Budget | | <u>Actual</u> | | Variance | |
|---------------------------|----|--------|----|---------------|----|----------|--|
| General government | \$ | 28,900 | \$ | 32,911 | \$ | (4,011) | |

CRITERIA:

West Virginia Code §11-8-26 states in part that:

- "... a local fiscal body shall not expend money or incur obligations:
- (1) In an unauthorized manner;
- (2) For an unauthorized purpose;
- (3) In excess of the amount allocated to the fund in the levy order;
- (4) In excess of the funds available for current expenses..."

CAUSE:

The Monroe County Commission and Monroe County Clerk did not have a policy in place to monitor compliance with this statute.

EFFECT:

The Monroe County Commission and Monroe County Clerk incurred expenditures that were in excess of the amount allocated in their various budget line items.

RECOMMENDATION:

The Monroe County Commission is directed to implement effective budgetary controls to ensure that actual expenditures do not exceed the amounts allocated for those expenditures in the official levy estimate as approved by the State Auditor.

VIEWS OF RESPONSIBLE OFFICIALS AND PLANNED CORRECTIVE ACTIONS:

The Monroe County Commission will implement effective budgetary controls to ensure that actual expenditures do not exceed the amounts allotted for those expenditures in the official levy estimate as approved by the State Auditor.

Controls Over Ambulance Fee Fund 2018-010

CONDITION:

During our audit of the Monroe County Commission it was noted that there were multiple discrepancies between the check register and the bank statement for the Ambulance Fee fund.

CRITERIA:

Effective internal controls dictate that the check register maintain an accurate record of what date and to whom checks were written.

CAUSE:

The Monroe County Commission did not have effective internal controls in place for the Ambulance Fee fund for the fiscal year.

EFFECT:

The activity recorded in the ambulance fee check register did not reconcile to the bank account for the same fund.

RECOMMENDATION:

The Monroe County Commission is directed to implement controls that will ensure the Ambulance Fee check register is accurate and reconciles to the bank account.

VIEWS OF RESPONSIBLE OFFICIALS AND PLANNED CORRECTIVE ACTIONS:

Municipal officials stated they will implement a reconciliation procedure.

MONROE COUNTY, WEST VIRGINIA SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

| | Status of Prior Year Audit Findings | |
|--------------------------|--|---------------|
| Finding <u>Number</u> | <u>Title</u> | <u>Status</u> |
| 2017-001 | Preparation and Publication of Financial Statements | Not Resolved |
| 2017-002 | Preparation of Financial Statement | Not Resolved |
| 2017-003 | Other Postemployment Benefits Obligation | Not Repeated |
| 2017-004 | Reconciliation of Balances | Not Resolved |
| 2017-005 | Retention of Records - County Commission | Resolved |
| 2017-006 | Retention of Records - County Clerk's Office | Resolved |
| 2017-007 | Segregation of Duties | Not Resolved |
| 2017-008 | Failure to Submit Budget Revision to Appropriate the Unexpended Fund Balance - General Fund | Not Resolved |
| 2017-009 | Failure to Submit Budget Revision to Appropriate the Unexpended Fund Balance - Coal Severance Tax Fund | Not Resolved |
| 2017-010 | Expenditures in Excess of Amounts Allocated in the Levy Estimate - General Fund | Not Resolved |